

Sample calculations

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1 Calculation #1

We calculate the truth-conditions of the sentence *Ali is a caring doctor*.

We assume a high-type meaning for *caring*.

1.1 The meanings of the terminal elements

(1) For any world w ,

- a. $\llbracket \text{Ali} \rrbracket^w = \text{Ali}$
- b. $\llbracket \text{caring} \rrbracket^w = \lambda f: f \in D_{\langle e,t \rangle}. \lambda x: x \in D_e. f(x) = 1 \text{ and } x \text{ is caring in } w$
- c. $\llbracket \text{doctor} \rrbracket^w = \lambda x: x \in D_e. x \text{ is a doctor in } w$

1.2 Step by step calculation

We use abbreviated type specifications to make the notation more concise.

(2) For any world w ,

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{Ali caring doctor} \rrbracket^w \\ &= \llbracket \text{caring doctor} \rrbracket^w (\llbracket \text{Ali} \rrbracket^w) \\ &= \llbracket \text{caring doctor} \rrbracket^w (\text{Ali}) \\ &= (\llbracket \text{caring} \rrbracket^w (\llbracket \text{doctor} \rrbracket^w)) (\text{Ali}) \\ &= (\lambda f_{et}. \lambda x_e. f(x) = 1 \text{ and } x \text{ is caring in } w) (\llbracket \text{doctor} \rrbracket^w) (\text{Ali}) \\ &= (\lambda x_e. (\llbracket \text{doctor} \rrbracket^w)(x) = 1 \text{ and } x \text{ is caring in } w) (\text{Ali}) \\ &= (\lambda x_e. (\lambda y_e. y \text{ is a doctor in } w)(x) = 1 \text{ and } x \text{ is caring in } w) (\text{Ali}) \\ &= (\lambda x_e. x \text{ is a doctor in } w \text{ and } x \text{ is caring in } w) (\text{Ali}) \\ &= 1 \text{ iff Ali is a doctor in } w \text{ and Ali is caring in } w \end{aligned}$$

2 Calculation #2

We calculate the truth-conditions of *Pat is an Italian violinist*.

We assume Predicate Modification as an additional composition principle.

2.1 The meanings of the terminal elements

(3) For any world w ,

- a. $\llbracket \text{Pat} \rrbracket^w = \text{Pat}$
- b. $\llbracket \text{Italian} \rrbracket^w = \lambda x : x \in D_e. x \text{ is Italian in } w$
- c. $\llbracket \text{violinist} \rrbracket^w = \lambda x : x \in D_e. x \text{ is a violinist in } w$

2.2 Step by step calculation

(4) For any world w ,

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{Pat Italian violinist} \rrbracket^w \\ &= \llbracket \text{Italian violinist} \rrbracket^w (\llbracket \text{Pat} \rrbracket^w) \\ &= \llbracket \text{Italian violinist} \rrbracket^w (\text{Pat}) \\ &= (\lambda x_e. \llbracket \text{Italian} \rrbracket^w(x) = 1 \text{ and } \llbracket \text{violinist} \rrbracket^w(x) = 1)(\text{Pat}) \\ &= (\lambda x_e. (\lambda y_e. y \text{ is Italian in } w)(x) = 1 \text{ and } \llbracket \text{violinist} \rrbracket^w(x) = 1)(\text{Pat}) \\ &= (\lambda x_e. x \text{ is Italian in } w \text{ and } \llbracket \text{violinist} \rrbracket^w(x) = 1)(\text{Pat}) \\ &= (\lambda x_e. x \text{ is Italian in } w \text{ and } (\lambda z_e. z \text{ is a violinist in } w)(x) = 1)(\text{Pat}) \\ &= (\lambda x_e. x \text{ is a violinist in } w \text{ and } x \text{ is Italian in } w)(\text{Pat}) \\ &= 1 \text{ iff Pat is a violinist in } w \text{ and Pat is Italian in } w \end{aligned}$$

3 Recommendations

1. Go through both calculations and annotate the steps by what justifies each one of them.
2. Go to the TA session on Friday and try a few calculations with Omri

We will do a sample or two in Tuesday's class as well.